



# **UPES**

**SECURITY OF THE ENERGY SUPPLY – NOTHING WILL BE THE SAME**

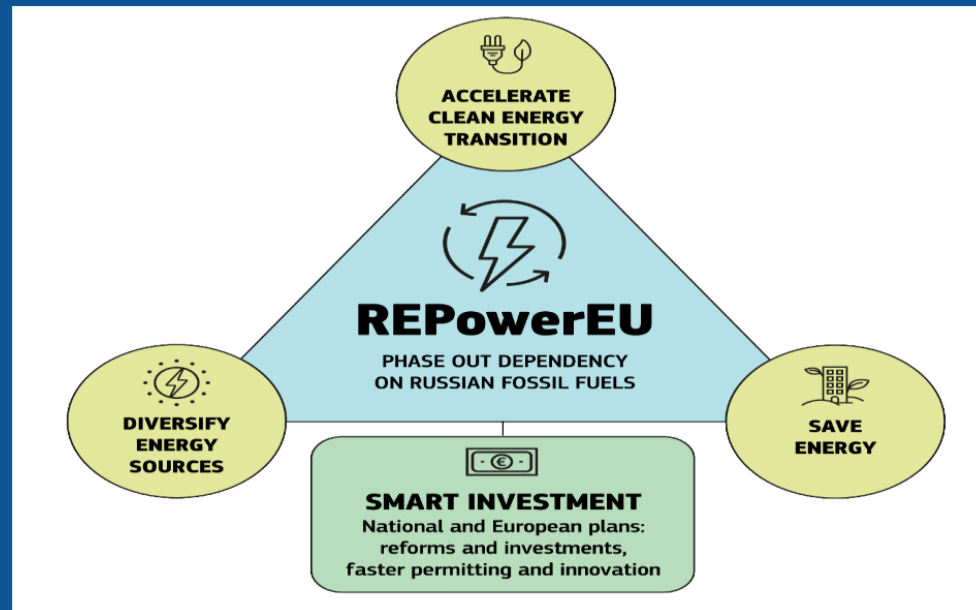
**Serbian Chamber of Commerce and Industry, Belgrade**  
25th November 2022

**Delegation of the European Union to the Republic of Serbia**

## REPowerEU

In March 2022, EU leaders agreed in the European Council to phase out Europe's dependency on Russian energy imports.

REPowerEU is about rapidly reducing our dependence on Russian fossil fuels by fast forwarding the clean transition and joining forces to achieve a more resilient energy system and a true Energy Union.



# REPowerEU

24 February 2022

Russia's invasion of Ukraine

1

13 October 2021

Communication "Tackling rising energy prices: a toolbox for action and support"

2

8 March 2022

Outline of "REPowerEU": joint EU action for more affordable, secure and sustainable energy"



3

23 March 2022

Commission proposal to amend the Security of Gas Supply Regulation and a Communication "Security of supply and affordable energy prices: Options for immediate measures and preparing for next winter"

4

21 April 2022

Campaign by IEA and EC "Playing my part" with energy saving tips to help cutting the EU's reliance on Russian fuel

7

20 July 2022

Commission proposal for a Regulation on coordinated demand reduction measures for gas and communication "Save gas for a safe winter"



6

27 June 2022

Adoption of the Gas Storage Regulation (EU 2022/1032)

5

18 May 2022

The Commission REPowerEU Plan to rapidly reduce dependence on Russian fossil fuels



8

26 July 2022

Energy Ministers agreement on the Regulation on coordinated demand reduction measures for gas



9

14 September 2022

Commission proposal for a new Regulation on an emergency intervention to address high energy prices and reduce energy bills for EU citizens



10

30 September 2022

Energy Ministers agreement on the Regulation on an emergency intervention to address high energy prices

11

18 October 2022

The Commission's additional proposals to fight high energy prices and ensure security of supply



## REPowerEU

These actions will structurally transform EU's energy system.

REPowerEU builds on the full implementation of the Fit for 55 proposals without modifying the ambition of achieving at least -55 % net GHG emissions by 2030 and climate neutrality by 2050 in line with the European Green Deal.

Dependence amongst MS on Russian energy sources differs as the energy situation and energy mixes differ from one country to the other. The approach taken in REPowerEU plan reflects these differences.



## REPowerEU

### Energy savings

### Diversifying energy imports

*Following the mandate by the European Council in March, the Commission and Member States have set up an **EU Energy Platform for the voluntary common purchase of gas, LNG and hydrogen.***

### Substituting fossil fuels and accelerating Europe's clean energy transition

*Boosting renewable energy*

*Accelerating hydrogen*

*Scaling up biomethane*

*Reducing fossil consumption in hard-to-abate industrial and transport sectors*

*Delivering REPowerEU – with skilled people, raw materials and a complete regulatory framework*

*Speeding up permitting and innovation*

### Smart investment

*European interconnection and infrastructure needs*

*National reforms and investments*

*Financing*

### Reinforcing preparedness

*Update contingency plans, increase the reverse flow capacities from west to east,*

*Conclude the outstanding bilateral solidarity arrangements between neighbouring countries*



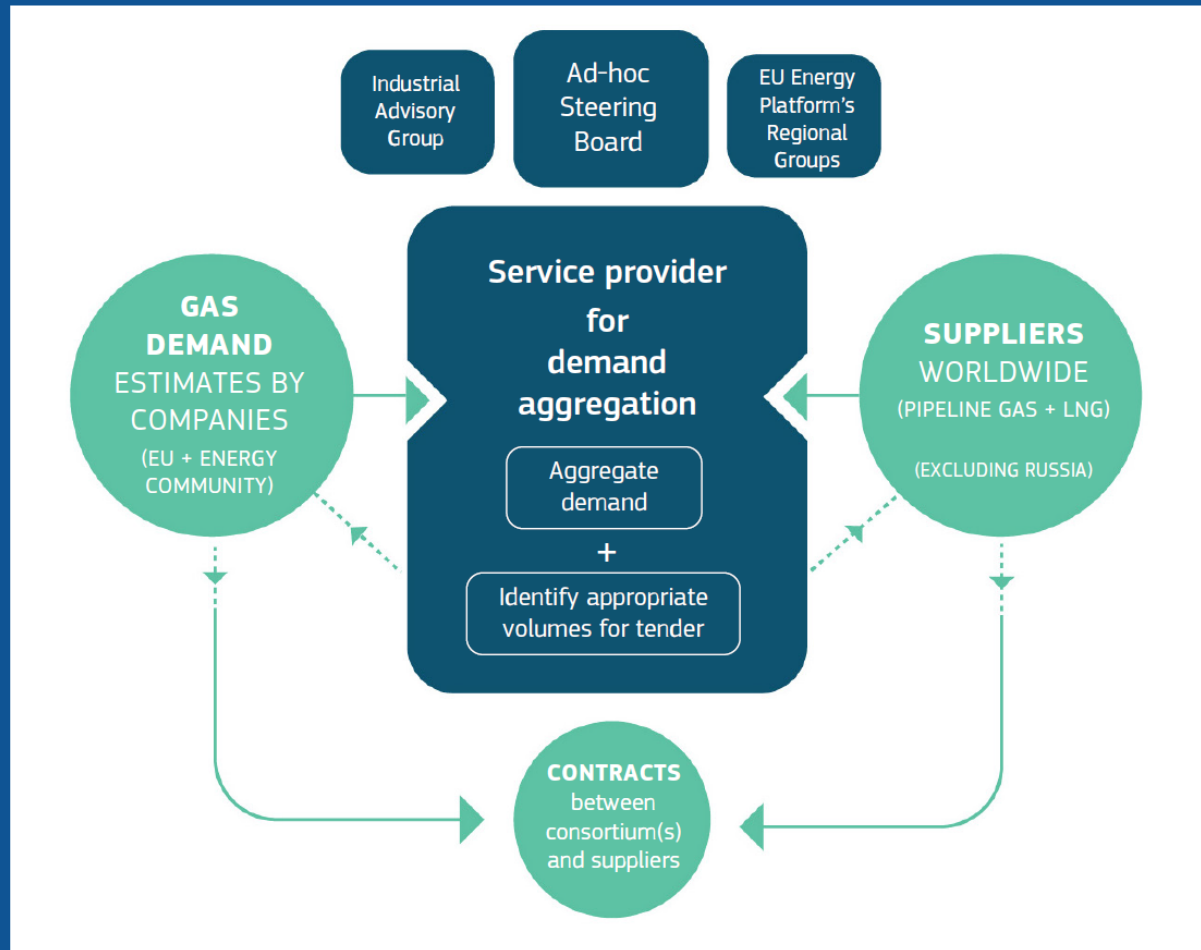
# SECURITY OF GAS SUPPLY

## REGULATION (EU) 2022/1032 with regard to gas storage

Member States shall meet the following filling targets for the aggregated capacity of all underground gas storage facilities that are located on their territory and directly interconnected to a market area in their territory by 1 November each year:

- (a) for 2022: 80 %;
- (b) from 2023: 90 %.

# SECURITY OF GAS SUPPLY





EUROPEAN  
COMMISSION

Brussels, 12.10.2022  
SWD(2022) 338 final

**COMMISSION STAFF WORKING DOCUMENT**

**Serbia 2022 Report**

*Accompanying the document*

**Communication from the Commission to the European Parliament, the Council, the  
European Economic and Social Committee and the Committee of the Regions**

**2022 Communication on EU Enlargement policy**



## Chapter 15: Energy

*EU energy policy covers energy supply, infrastructure, the internal energy market, consumers, renewable energy, energy efficiency, nuclear energy, nuclear safety and radiation protection.*

Serbia is **moderately prepared** in this field. **Limited progress** has been made particularly regarding last year's recommendations, which remain valid in substance.

In the coming period, Serbia should:

- finalise and implement the **National Energy and Climate Plan (NECP)** and **Energy Sector Development Strategy** in accordance with the Green Agenda for the Western Balkans and the obligations from the Energy Community Treaty; advance on the green energy transition by **increasing the share of renewables**, **strengthening capacity to manage larger energy efficiency programmes** and launching the **first auction for renewables** in 2022;
- accelerate the implementation of action plans and **finalise unbundling the gas sector**, certify Transportgas and provide effective **third party access to all gas entry points**, further diversify natural gas transportation routes and sources to decrease its energy dependence on Russia, in line with the REpowerEU communication;
- in the context of establishing a regional electricity market, **determine net transmission capacities and capacity allocation with all neighbouring control blocks**.

Serbia maintained a high level of alignment with the EU *acquis* on **security of supply** including on emergency oil stocks. Oil stocks continue to increase, especially after the



**THANK YOU**



## Gligo Vuković

Gligo Vuković is a Project Manager at the EU Delegation to the Republic of Serbia and Chapter Desk Officer for energy.

Prior to joining the EU Delegation, he had worked at European Agency for Reconstruction, Ministry of Mining and Energy, EPS and Institute of Nuclear Science Vinča.

### Education

PhD, Thermal Physics, University of Belgrade

MSc, Electrical Engineering, University of Belgrade

BSc Electrical Engineering, University of Belgrade